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ALEX. C. FOLGER. ROBT. M. FOLGER.

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USE OF THE HANDS.

When Writing Nearly Every Muscle in the Body Helps Them.

At the late international congress of hygiene and demography, in section 4, which was concerned with the hygiene of infancy and school life, a resolution was passed in favor of the teaching of upright penmanship or vertical writing on the ground that spinal curvature and short sight are caused by the faulty position of the youthful student, which is necessitated by slope of the letters. We can all of us remember the trouble of learning to write, and the mental and physical toil which the making of our first pothooks and hangers involved. The number of muscles put in action when a person is writing is prodigious, and it is probable that in beginners every muscle of the body must yield its assent before the graphic symbols trickle from the pen.

The fingers, wrist, elbow and shoulder must all be held steady, says the London Lancet. The spine must be rigid and fixed below as well as above. The pelvis must be firm, and to this end the child often gets a support by its feet from the legs of the chair. The thorax is more or less rigid, and its movements are determined more by the work of the hand than the respiratory needs. Lastly, the knit brows and protruding tongue are unconscious muscular acts which serve to mark the effort, both of body and mind, which the child undergoes when learning to write. It is notorious that in writing our individuality asserts itself in spite of the pedagogue. We are taught certain rules for sitting at the desk and holding the pen, which we ultimately learn to neglect, and finally write in a fashion of our own.

The true remedy for the evils produced by learning to write seems to us to be to teach the child to use both hands and to practice alternately with either hand. Vertical writing lends itself more readily to ambidexterity than does sloping writing, and there can be no doubt that a clerk who could write with equal facility with either hand, and could rest one side of the body while the other was working, would be little liable to writer's cramp and similar troubles. Seeing how enormous is the muscular effort involved in giving the hand sufficient steadiness, and that the brain fag is scarcely less than the muscle fag, it goes without saying that writing lessons should at first be of very short duration. Ten minutes with each hand ought to amply suffice.

THE OLDEST LAWSUIT.

Money That Has Been in Litigation Almost a Century.

The "oldest living lawsuit" received a longer lease of life from the supreme court recently, says the Philadelphia Record. The suit's official designation is "March term, 1814, number eighty-two," so that in two months it will be able to celebrate it seventy-eighth birthday, with every prospect of living to the ripe age of fourscore. Two full sets of heirs, a trust company, four lawyers, and an auditor and a deputy escheator are seeing that it wants nothing in care.

The suit was brought by the assignees of one James Moore, against William Rawle, in which Mr. Rawle paid into court the amount of the judgment recovered against him. About 1830 some of this money was paid out on a judgment recovered by the executors of one of the assignees against the other two. The balance, $2,827, was paid to James Read, then president of the Philadelphia bank, to be held by him subject to the further order of the court. Mr. Read, and later the Girard Trust Company, handled the fund until it has grown to $18,702. The auditor general took proceedings to escheat it to the commonwealth.

Two sets of claimants, one hailing from Chester county in this state and claiming to be grandchildren of James Moore's brother, and the other from Maryland and claiming to be grandchildren of James Moore himself, were stirred up. The auditor awarded the fund to George W. Pepper as counsel for the Pennsylvania heirs. Exceptions to this decision have been filed on behalf of both the commonwealth and the Maryland heirs, and the supreme court ordered these exceptions to be placed upon the list for arguments during the present term.

The Vatican.

The ancient palace of the popes of Rome is the most magnificent building of the kind in the world. It stands on the right bank of the Tiber on a hill called the Vaticanus, because the Latins formerly worshiped Vaticinium, an ancient oracular deity at that place. Exactly when the building was commenced no one knows. Charlemagne is known to have inhabited it over a thousand years ago. The present extent of the building is enormous, the number of rooms at the lowest computation being 4,422. Its treasures of marble statues, ancient gems, paintings, books, manuscripts, etc., are to be compared only with those in the British museum. The length of the statue museum alone is a fraction over a mile. Conservative writers say that the gold contained in the medals, vessels, chains and other objects preserved in the Vatican would make more gold coins than the whole present European circulation.

THE high-tempered woman takes an excursion almost every day.

IF you really know more than other people you doubtless have sense enough to keep some of it to yourself.

WASHINGTON'S MOTHER.

How She Met Her Son After His Seven Years' Absence.

When the tidings of the splendid success at Yorktown were brought direct from the general to his mother, she was moved to an exclamation of fervent thanksgiving: "Thank God! the war is ended, and we shall be blessed with peace, happiness and independence, for at last our country is free," says Mrs. Ella Bassett Washington in the Century. Shortly after the surrender of Cornwallis, Washington left Yorktown with a brilliant suite of French and American officers, and started upon his journey to Philadelphia, stopping on the way at Fredericksburg to visit his mother. It was nearly seven years since he had last seen her face; he left Mount Vernon in May, 1775, and did not return till the autumn of 1781. Now that the time of meeting drew near, his mother was serene but very quiet, only smiling to herself oftener than usual. But it was not the hero crowned that filled her thoughts, but the son who, after years of absence and danger, was coming back to her. On the 11th of November, 1781, the town of Fredericksburg was all aglow with joy and revelry. Washington, "in the midst of his numerous and brilliant suite," wrote Mr. Custis, "sent to apprise her [his mother] of his arrival, and to know when it would be her pleasure to receive him. . . . Alone and on foot, the general in chief of the combined armies of France and America," he goes on to say in the grandiloquent style of the day, "the deliverer of his country, the hero of the hour, repaired to pay his humble tribute of duty to her whom he venerated as the author of his being," etc. When the warm embrace of greeting was over, looking into his face with earnest, close observance, her eyes enkindled with maternal love, she said, tenderly: "You are growing old, George; care and toil have been making marks in your face since I saw it last." Her voice is said to have been singularly sweet, and he loved its cadence as she called him by name. She inquired as to his health, and she spoke much "of old times and old friends, but of his glory not one word."

EARLY IRON WORK.

Important Position of the Blacksmith in Early Times.

The blacksmith occupied an important position among the craftsmen of the middle ages, says Chambers' Journal. The insecurity of life and property, which was one of the chief grievances of the times, made strength of material indispensable, whether to guard the shrine of a saint or to protect after a more homely fashion the family chest or coffer. The strength and durability of iron led to its use for these defensive purposes from early times. But the workman of the middle ages was not content to allow strength and ugliness of form to go together, but contrived to breathe a spirit of beauty into his designs without sacrificing the use to which the material was destined. Thus wrought iron formed the object of much artistic work both in England and abroad. Until coal came into general use malleable iron was produced direct from the ore with charcoal fuel by continuous working. Sussex was from early times a chief seat of the iron industry. The earliest positive record of the trade there is contained in a grant made by King Henry III. to the town of Lewes in 1266, by which the inhabitants were empowered to raise toll for the repair of the town walls after the battle. Every cartload of iron destined for sale which came from the neighboring "weald" was to pay one penny toll, and every horseload of iron half that sum. In 120[illegible] sum of money was paid to a certain Master Henry of Lewes for the ironwork to the monument of Henry III. in Westminister Abby, which reminds us that talented smiths were brought often from long distances for important works.

ENGLISH KNIGHTS.

Their Descendants Are Requested to Return Their Insignia.

The representatives of deceased knights of the bath until recently, says the London World, have never been required to return their insignia, although of considerable value, the collar having been made of pure gold. Knights of St. Michael and St. George have not been relieved of that obligation; but their insignia are not of great value. The insignia of knights of the garter, the thistle and St. Patrick, respectively, must be returned, and the son of a deceased knight of the garter is nearly always granted an audience by the sovereign when it is delivered.

During Queen Victoria's reign there have been only three vacancies in which the queen did not personally receive the insignia of the deceased knight. When a foreign sovereign dies who is a knight of the garter his insignia comes back directly to the lord chamberlain through the foreign office. Prince Albert's insignia of the garter are preserved by the queen in the private apartments at Windsor castle, and George IV. left orders for his insignia to be buried with him.

Everything Has Its Use.

On every horse will be found, on the inside of each foreleg, a dry, gray wart about the size of a silver dollar, apparently of no possible use. It is said that when the weary, overtaxed animal, sweating at every pore and covered with foam, can reach down and rub with his wet nose this always dry, hard substance, he is instantly refreshed with an odor like geranium.

A MYSTIFIED MONKEY.

How a Bottled Lump of Sugar Affected a Simian.

An officer in India gave his tame monkey a lump of sugar inside a corked bottle of such stout glass that it could not well be broken. The monkey was of an inquiring mind, and it nearly killed it. Sometimes, in an impulse of disgust, it would throw the bottle away out of its own reach, and then be distracted till it was given back to it. At others it would sit with a countenance of most intense dejection contemplating the bottled sugar, and then, as if pulling itself together for another effort at solution, would take up the bottle afresh and gaze into it.

It would tilt it up one way and try to get the sugar out of the neck, and then, suddenly reversing it, try to catch the sweet morsel as it fell out, under the impression that it would capture it by surprise. It kept rapping its teeth against the glass in futile bites, and, warming to the pursuit of the revolving lump, used to tie itself into regular knots round the bottle. Fits of the most ludicrous melancholy would alternate with these spasms of furious calculation, and how the matter would have ended it is impossible to say.

But the monkey one night got away, and took the bottle with it, and it has always been a delight to its former owner to think that whole forests full of monkeys have by this time puzzled themselves into fits over the great problem of bottled sugar. What profound theories these long-tailed philosophers must have evolved! What polemical acrimony that bottle must have provoked! And what a Confucius the original monkey must have become! A single morning with such a Sanhedrin discussing such a matter would surely have satisfied even Swift with satire.

WASHEE AND SAIL HO!

Chinamen Sail to Be Able to Land Here Sometimes by a Clever Trick.

It is said that there are a number of Chinamen in New York who came from Hong Kong as sailors and who managed to slip from the vessels and steer for Mott street, where they have started laundries in the hopes of making fortunes here, and devoting the remainder of their days to spending them in China. The Chinese sailors, says the New York Journal, are very closely watched when a vessel enters an American port. The captain of each ship has to sign a heavy bond when he enters port making himself responsible for the safe keeping of the Chinaman. The Chinamen are threatened with fines also if they attempt going over the side of the ship, and as there is nothing a Chinaman likes more than money nothing frightens him like a fine.

With all these precautions, however, it is said that coolies can land here under the very noses of the captains. Chinese in a crowd are so much alike that it is difficult to pick out particular men, except by their clothing. A wild weird story is now in circulation that Mott street men, formerly sailors who wanted to go home, have visited the ships, managed to exchange clothes with some of the sailors who wanted to stay here, and while the one was enabled to pay his visit free, the other could come to Chinatown, make a fortune and work the same trick when he wanted to go back.

The captains say that they know Chinamen too well to be fooled in that way, but there are coolies in Chinatown who chuckle and say that is the way they came here.

DRIVER ANTS.

They Proceed in Armies and Carry Everything Before Them.

There are certain ants that show wonderful intelligence, and the "driver ants" not only build boats, but launch them, too; only these boats are formed of their own bodies. They are called "drivers" because of their ferocity, says St. Nicholas. Nothing can stand before the attacks of these little creatures. Large pythons have been killed by them in a single night, while chickens, lizards and other animals in western Africa flee from them in terror. To protect themselves from the heat, they erect arches, under which numerous armies of them pass in safety. Sometimes the arch is made of grass and earth gummed together by some secretion, and again it is formed by the bodies of the larg eants which hold themselves together by their strong nippers, while the workers pass under them. At certain times of the year freshets overflow the country inhabited by the "drivers," and it is then that these ants go to sea. The rain comes suddenly and the walls of their houses are broken in by the flood, but instead of coming to the surface in scattered hundreds and being swept off to destruction, out of the ruins rises a black ball that rides safely on the water and drifts away. At the first warning of danger, the little creatures run together and form a solid ball of ants, the weaker in the center; often this ball is larger than a common baseball: and in this way they float away until they lodge against some tree, upon the branches of which they are soon safe and sound.

An Ancient Game.

Games of chance were prohibited by Mahomet, and in the Koran were placed as sins in the same category as wine drinking. Herodotus tells us that the Egyptians were dicers, but whether they were gamblers is not stated. Their favorite game was one played with draughtsmen, and there is good evidence to believe that this is, if not the most ancient game, at least one of the most ancient.

IMPURITIES IN WATER.

Rain Water Will Soon Become Foul If Not Aerated and Filtered.

All natural waters contain mineral salts, some of which may be deleterious to health, says the Engineering Magazine, but the most injurious foreign substances found in ordinary drinking water are decaying organic matter and sometimes infectious micro-organisms. All water that is used for domestic purposes has been at some period atmospheric vapor, and as it fell in rains carried with it the impurities from the air. These impurities are gases that arise from combustion, fermentation and decay, and particles of dust and decomposing organic matter. Bacteria are also removed from the air in great numbers, nearly all of which are in the state of spores instead of adults. The spores of the fungi and other microscopic plants and pollen of flowers and grasses are also found in rain water. So numerous are these impurities in the air that a litre of water which falls at the beginning of a storm often contains more than two hundred thousand microorganisms. Half a pint of water frequently condenses out of three or four thousand cubic feet of air and in its condensation removes nearly all of the atmospheric impurities, concentrating them in the water. So that drinking a glass of rain water that falls at the beginning of a storm we may swallow as much filth as we breathe from the air in more than a week. If rain water is stored in cisterns without purification these substances soon render it so foul that it cannot be used for drinking. But when rain is collected near the end of storms and is properly filtered and aerated it is one of our most wholesome natural water supplies. As rain falls upon the earth it washes away the accumulations of debris from the surface of the ground, and as it passes into the soil extracts from it a large amount of impurities, such as the products of decaying vegetation and animal excrement. These substances are carried down into the circulation currents, and it is not infrequent that the drainage from cesspools and outhouses also finds a direct entrance into surface wells.

GOOD MARKSMEN.

Stories of the Prowess of Old-Time Yankee Gunners.

The recent war talk has revived some stories of the prowess on the sea of old-time down east Yankees. It is related, says the New York Sun, that Capt. John Dix, a famous shipmaster of Portland, was in a West Indian port once where a British man-of-war was blazing away at a target. The British gunners were unable to come anywhere near the target, and after watching their blundering for some time Capt. Dix loaded an old ship's gun which he carried, using a chunk of iron for a shot. He fired, and when the smoke cleared away the target was a wreck. Immediately a boat from the man-of-war came alongside, and an officer in full uniform came over the rail, demanding an explanation of the Yankee's performance. Capt. Dix assured the officer that no disrespect was intended—that he only wanted to give the Britishers a lesson in gunnery, and he offered to furnish another hogshead for them to practice on. After scolding a little the officer burst into a laugh at the absurdity of the situation, and went back to his ship. The captain of a Yankee privateer, sailing from a Maine port in 1812, mistook an English seventy-four for an East Indiaman, ran alongside and ordered her to strike her colors. The seventy-four's ports flew open, her broadside was run out, and the captain replied: "I am not in the habit of hauling down my colors." "Well, if you won't, I will," answered the Yankee, who lost his vessel but not his head.

Honduras' Oyster Groves.

Tourists among the islands that skirt the coast of Honduras tell wonderful tales of the oyster groves of that country and dwell on the delicacy of the oysters that grow on trees. These oysters, however, are not vegetable oysters. Mangrove trees grow in either fresh or salt water swamps and even in water five or six inches deep. The limbs of the mangrove are drooping like those of the weeping willow. In case they do not reach the water the attraction of the moisture below causes shoots to put out which often extend far beneath the surface; thus a thicket of mangroves is a matted mass of limb, trunks, shoots and roots. On these limbs and shoots, deep under the surface of the water, large bunches of oysters cling, thus forming the far-famed "Oyster Groves of Honduras."

No Respect for Musty Traditions.

"A reminiscence comes to my mind," writes Justin McCarty in a volume of "Recollections of Parliament," about American visitors to the house of commons. "The American girl has no respect for musty traditions. Some years ago we used to be permitted to take ladies into the library, but the rule was strict that they must not be allowed to sit down there. I was once escorting a young American married woman through the various rooms of the library. And I mentioned to her, as a matter of more or less interesting fact, that it was against the rules for a woman to sit down there.

" 'Is that really a law of the place?' she asked, with wide opened and innocent eyes.

" 'The very law,' I answered.

" 'Then,' said she, calmly, 'just see me break it!' and she drew a chair and resolutely sat down at the table."

HOW PORTERS THRIVE.

Railroads Will Not Pay Adequate Salaries.

So Their Servants Are Compelled to Extort Money from the Traveling Public—The Magical Effect of a Half Dollar.

It is astonishing the effect of a half-dollar deposited with a sleeping-car porter has upon the situation. Like a magic wand it brightens up all your surroundings and makes life upon the wheels endurable. The people who denounce the modern porter as an outrage on the traveling public fare very badly on a sleeper. They are forced to have the feeling that they are being treated like cattle on a stock train, while their more generous neighbor receives the attention of a prince. People who do not fee the porter get their passage and nothing more. In fact, says the Chicago Mail, that is all they pay for. The railroad company does not guarantee the services of a private servant for the price of a passage. The porter is only paid fifteen dollars per month as a rule and seldom more than eighteen dollars. From this meager income he has to board himself at railroad restaurants. As the companies only pay enough to board their porters it is apparent that the traveling public is expected to make up the balance. A half-dollar paid to the porter gives the traveler all the advantages of a private servant. The system of "tipping" the porter gives the traveler who enjoys luxury a chance to purchase it, and permits the man who is satisfied with a plain passage the privilege of dispensing with the little attentions that tend to make life endurable.

A gentleman accompanied by a lady en route for some town in Missouri attempted to board a reclining-chair car the other day that was labeled "only for through passengers."

"The car to the rear," said the porter, politely, as he directed the travelers to a car where standing room was at par, while the one they were about to enter was absolutely empty, as no through passengers had arrived.

"But that is crowded," protested the gentleman.

"Can't help it, this car is strictly—"

At this point the gentleman handed the fellow a half-dollar, when his tone changed, and, finishing his sentence, he said: "But I will look inside and see what can be done."

Entering the car he looked thoughtfully at the empty seats, as though they were full of passengers, and after selecting the best seat in the middle of the car and dusting it off he beckoned the lady to be seated. Before permitting her to do so, however, he took out his handkerchief and cleaned the window at her side. As the gentleman, who was only taking the lady to the train, was leaving the car the colored gentleman said: "Boss, I'll look after de lady and see dat she gits off al'right."

Without the fifty cents given the porter the lady, as there was no parlor-car, would have been compelled to sit in a crowded car or possibly stand.

At night the same porter will prove even more indispensable to comfort than during the day. The lavatory, which is usually so crowded that it is difficult to enter, is locked by the porter until one at a time of his favorites are permitted to wash privately. When the lady whose husband has contributed the "tip" enters the washroom, she finds everything clean as her own home. The porter has been there before her shining up the washbasin and providing clean towels. In the morning she finds her clothes nicely brushed and her shoes cleaned, while those of the gentlemen are highly polished. When the bunks are lowered the best seats in the car are reserved, with the footstools, for the contributors to the porter. Many people accept the attentions of the porter and then neglect purposely to pay him.

THE GREATEST BUILDING.

A World's Fair Building Twice as Large as Any at Paris.

An astonishing feature of the Columbian exposition will be one of the palaces grouped in the heart of the fair ground. It is the Manufactures building, designed by George Post, of New York. It will bear the same relation in this exposition as the Eiffel tower did to that of Paris in 1889, and, indeed, its possible use as a vantage point from which to see the fair grounds has terminated in the negative discussion for and against the construction in Chicago of a rival to the great tower of Paris. This greatest of all the exposition buildings and of the buildings of the world will present to Lake Michigan a facade of such length as to suggest the wall of a city, yet it is so admirably designed, so light and graceful in its effect upon the vision, that its true extent can only be comprehended when its dimensions are expressed in figures and by comparisons. It is one-third of a mile long, and to compass it round about is to walk a mile. The roof of it is 1,666 by 788 feet, and the span of the dome, the largest ever attempted, is 388 feet. The roof is 230 feet from the ground, and the building has 40 acres of ground floor. Two of the vast machinery halls of the Paris exposition could be wheeled through it, and the Auditorium, the building of which Chicago is most proud, could be pushed under this great roof, tower and all.

CHRONICLE-UNION

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TARIFF PICTURES.

To the Patrons and Pupils of Bridgeport School.

The Syracuse snap convention's platform says: "We declare that the tariff is a tax." The advertisement of a leading carpet firm on the same day announces Brussels carpets for sale at 50 cents a square yard, on which the duty is 44 cents a yard and 40 per cent. ad valorem, or, in all, 64 cents, not allowing for the fact that a commercial yard of carpet is more than a square yard, being more than a yard wide.

HOODOOD AGAIN.

California Republicans are very unfortunate when they come to the selection of delegates to our National Conventions.—Four years ago our delegation made donkeys of themselves at Chicago, and the Minneapolis set, or half of the delegation, at least, did so last week. De Young hoodoos every delegation he has anything to do with. Four years ago he opposed Harrison at Chicago, and told that Convention that he could not carry a single Pacific State on account of his Chinese votes in the Senate. And now, before he left San Francisco for Minneapolis he telegraphed East that the entire California delegation was for Blaine, and to bolster him up he had his friends get the Executive Committee of the State Central Committee to telegraph that the Republicans of California were all for Blaine, after the State Convention had virtually instructed the delegation to vote for Harrison. Had the delegation obeyed their implied instructions and stood by Harrison California Republicans could have hoped for a cabinet position coming this way, but they divided and fell, Harrison getting only 8 votes, out of the eighteen.—De Young engineered the Blaine men and they are "left."

The Democratic papers are dissapointed at the result at Minneapolis, as they hoped Blaine would have been nominated, they thinking he would be more assailable than Harrison, whose record is known to the whole American people who are well satisfied with it, and it cannot be assailed by the Democracy, so the press of that party is now trying to make a feeling between the friends of Harrison and Blaine to the detriment of the former, but it will not win.—The friends of Mr Blaine will take off their coats and work like beavers for the success of the whole ticket—Presidential and Congressional, for it is essential that Harrison should have a Republican Congress to assist him in the carrying out of Republican measures. Our Democratic friends need not worry or shed tears over differences in the Republican ranks, for there are none.

The Nevada papers are teeming with items about the proposed railroad from Salt Lake, and all point to the Beckwith Pass as the inlet to California. It is folly to talk of a "short line" to San Francisco by the above pass. There will be no "air line" railroad to San Francisco from the East unless it comes through Mono county and runs through the Sonora or Mono Pass.

The New York delegation to Chicago will present Hill's name to the Convention for the nomination for President, and will do their level best to secure his nomination.—The country will be anxious to read what the one who will be delegated to present his name to the Convention will say of the most corrupt and unscrupulous politician in the United States.

The "Flyer" on the Hudson River Railroad, N. Y., runs at the rate of a mile a minute, and it is now proposed to increase its speed ten minutes between New York and Hudson, a distance of 130 miles. That will be pretty fast traveling.

George A. Knight, of San Francisco, is a fine speaker and made himself heard at Minneapolis in favor of Blaine. He seldom gets in on the winning side at Conventions.

The Inyo Register says an epidemic of some kind has broken out among the jackrabbits, the sagebrush being full of their carcasses.

The Nevada State Fair will take place at Reno on September 19th to 24th, inclusive Premiums to the amount of $10,000 will be given.

The dwelling house of T. J. Richards at Bishop was burned to the ground on the evening of the 7th.

ALL IS WELL.

The Minneapolis Convention did its work well in giving the country President Ben. Harrison for another term in the White House, and Whitelaw Reid for Vice President. Reid will be a strong man in New York, in which State he proposes to do his work during the campaign. He is 55 years old, and was for many years, up to the time he was appointed Minister to France, editor and principal owner of the New York Tribune, the great friend of the laboring classes, and we look upon his selection as a wise one and consider it a very strong one. The selection of President Harrison for another term will be satisfactory to the Republicans of the country, notwithstanding the feeling aroused by the indiscreet friends of James G. Blaine, who placed that great Statesman in a false position before the country.

It is folly for any Republican paper to say that the masses of the Republican party throughout the country had set their hearts upon having Blaine to head the ticket, for it is absolutely false. Months ago Mr. Blaine wrote his celebrated Clarkson letter, stating he would not be a candidate for the nomination, and the Republicans of the country believed him, and then settled down and were happy in knowing that we had a President who has done eminent service for his country as its Chief Magistrate, and should and would be re-elected for a second term. The men who started and engineered the Blaine boom were enemies of Harrison, because they could not control him, as they were of Garfield for the same reason, and were the bitter enemies of Blaine while he was Garfield's Secretary of State, and for this reason the country had little faith in their professions of friendship for the great American Statesman. Like Henry Clay, Mr. Blaine has created too many antagonisms to ever be elected President of this great Union, and we do not believe he desired the nomination at Minneapolis, but it was not to be expected that he should almost daily issue bulletins in denial of the stories that he was a candidate and would accept, after he had formally told his party and his country that he was not a candidate. If any man can say: "Save me from my friends," James G. Blaine has good reasons for saying so.

NOT A COMPLIMENT.

George A. Knight, in the State Convention, advocated the election of De Young to Minneapolis, and said it would be complimentary to the Press of this State. We presume he would say the same if he should be a member of the next Legislature, and desire his election to the U. S. Senate as a "compliment to the press."—If the Legislature would want to compliment the press of California in that manner, and at the same time confer a blessing on the State by giving it an able representative in the Senate of the United States, it would elect William H. Mills, one of the brainiest men, if not the ablest, in the State; but Mr. Mills, unlike De Young, has publicly declined to allow his name to be used in that connection, preferring the private station as "the post of honor," rather than accept the questionable honor attending a seat in the Capitol at Washington. There is no man in the State better qualified—in a knowledge of the State and its requirements, and intellectually—than William H. Mills to be a United States Senator. So far as De Young is concerned, he is a dead cock in the pit so far as the U. S. Senate is concerned. No man should be sent to the Senate who is not in full accord with President Harrison. De Young at Minneapolis, showed his hostility to the President, and made many uncomplimentary remarks of his treatment of California, and voted and worked hard to prevent his nomination for a re-election, and telegraphing en route the unauthorized assertion that the California delegation was for Blaine.

The Antioch Ledger says the merchants of that town have agreed not to have or sell any fire works or fire crackers on the Fourth, and that arrangements will be made to prevent their use on that day. What a Fourth that will be, to be sure! We are glad we are not a boy and be obliged to stay in that town on that Day. Let the youngsters have a good time! Suppose they should start a little fire; how can carpenters, and mechanics live and support families if we don't have fires, etc., once in a while?—Get insured, and then let the fireworks sizzle, and then let the insurance companies swear.

M. M. Estee attended the Nicaragua Canal Convention and made one of the great speeches of the Convention on the great importance of that proposed water way, and otherwise ably represented California, while M. H. De Young went to Minneapolis—and what did he amount to.

De Young is a bad failure as a politician, and he had better drop politics and attend to the management of his paper and try to make it as good a newspaper as the Examiner is.

Had M. M. Estee been elected to the Minneapolis Convention instead of De Young there would not have been so much foolishness.

De Young can come home and commence eating crow, as he did four years ago, when Harrison was first nominated.

Alfred Greenebaum & Co., of San Francisco, have failed.

Cyclones in Illinois have done much damage this week.

Sacramento's Fourth was "busted out" by the expense attending the editorial reception, and now the Fresno Republican wants to know if the entertaining of so many Conventions is that city has "busted" its celebration of the Fourth. Those Conventions made more money for Fresno than the celebration of the Fourth would bring in.

There is probably no writer in America to-day who can describe the doings of the fashionable world of New York so graphically and with such intimate knowledge as can "Van Gryse" the New York correspondent of the Argonaut, whose latest letter—in the issue of June 20th—is about the "opening day" of a suburban cricket and tennis club. It transports the reader right into the midst of the gay, brightly dressed throng who have come to the velvet-lawned grounds to see and be seen, to play tennis, and to flirt. By the waw, ladies will find the descriptions of Summer gowns particularly interesting.

Tuesday next will be the longest day of the year.

Yesterday was "Bunker Hill Day."

NEW TO-DAY.

EQUALIZATION NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF MONO COUNTY will meet as a BOARD OF EQUALIZATION on the

FIRST MONDAY IN JULY, 1892,

to examine the assessment book and equalize the assessment of property in Mono County, and will continue in session for that purpose from time to time until the business of equalization is disposed of, but not later than the Third Monday in July, 1892.

Dated Bridgeport, June 17th 1892.

J. D. MURPHEY,
Clerk.

je18-td

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE OF AN EXECUTION ISSUED out of the Superior Court in and for the County of Mono, State of California, and to me directed, upon a judgment rendered and entered in said Court, on the 18th day of May, 1892, in favor of David Hays, Plaintiff, and against A. H. Allen, Defendant, for the sum of Four Hundred and Eighty-one and 29-100 dollars ($481 29), with interest from date thereon at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum, and costs amounting to the sum of Seventy-six and 50-100 Dollars ($76 50),

I have this day levied upon the following described Real Property, to wit.

All the right, title and interest of said A. H. Allen, Defendant, in and to the following described Real Estate standing on the Records of Mono County in the name of A. H. Allen, and particularly described as follows, to wit:

The South West Quarter of Section 33, Township 5 North, Range 25 East, M. D. M., containing one hundred and sixty acres.

Notice is hereby given that on

WEDNESDAY, JULY TWENTIETH, 1892,

at TWO (2) o'clock P. M., of that day, in front of the Court House in the Town of Bridgeport, Mono County, California, I will sell all the right, title and interest of said A. H. Allen in and to the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs, at Public Auction, for cash—lawful money of the United States, in hand, to the highest and best bidder, to satisfy said execution and all costs.

M. J. CODY, Sheriff.

Dated Bridgeport, June 17, 1892. je18-td

1776. 1892.

The Citizens of BRIDGEPORT WILL CELEBRATE THE FOURTH OF JULY.

LITERARY EXERCISES, VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC, GAMES.

Sunrise—Federal salute, 13 guns.
Sunset—National salute, 44 guns.
Ringing of bells—sunrise, noon and sunset

OFFICERS OF THE DAY.

Wentworth Calkin,	President.
H. M. Eddy,	Orator.
Gertie Towle,	Reader.
Nellie Hawks,	Poetess.

Have you written me yet? If you haven't, wisdom and intelligent ambition suggest write to-day. I promise you my special, personal attention. I undertake to thoroughly teach any fairly intelligent person of either sex, who can read and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to earn Three Thousand Dollars a year in their own localities, wherever they live. I will also furnish the situation or employment, at which you can earn that amount. I charge nothing and receive nothing unless successful, as above. Nothing dishonorable to learn, or that requires much time. I desire but one person from each district or county. I have already taught and provided with employment a large number who are making over Three Thousand Dollars a Year, each. All is new, solid, sure. Full particulars free. After you know all, if you conclude to go no further, why, no harm is done. Address, E. G. ALLEN, Box 420, Augusta, Maine.

The thistle, according to the London Vegetarian Federal Union, is a desirable article of human food. If boiled, they are "like delicate turnip tops, and may be eat on like spinach or toast, with poached or fried eggs, and with a little olive oil or mixed with cream.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

Quick Time and Cheap Fares
To Eastern and European Cities,
VIA the Great Trans-continental all-rail Routes
—OF THE—

Southern Pacific Company.

(PACIFIC SYSTEM.)

Daily Express Trains make prompt connections with the several Railway lines in the East,

AND AT

NEW YORK and NEW ORLEANS

With the several Steamer Lines to

ALL EUROPEAN PORTS.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars
—AND—
TOURIST-SLEEPING CARS
attached to Overland Express Trains.

Tickets sold, Sleeping-Car Berths secured and proper information given upon application at the Company's Offices, where passengers calling in person can secure choice of routes, etc.

Orders Sold at Lowest Rates for tickets for passage from Europe and Eastern Cities to any point in the Pacific States and Territories. These Orders, if not used, will be redeemed at the full amount paid therefor.

RICH'D GRAY, Gen. Traffic Manager. T. H. GOODMAN, Gen. Pass. Agt.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

RAILROAD LANDS

For Lands in Central and Northern California, Oregon, Nevada and Utah, apply to or address W. H. MILLS, Land Agent, C. P. R. R. San Francisco.

For Lands in Southern California, apply to or address JEROME MADDEN, Land Agent, S. P. R. R San Francisco.

GELATT'S BRIDGEPORT LINE.

Carrying the United States Mail.

On and after JULY 1st, 1891; will leave GENOA (On ARRIVAL of STAGES from CARSON) MONDAYS and FRIDAYS.

Connecting at HOLBROOK'S, on above days, for

TOPAZ, COLEVILLE and BRIDGEPORT.

Leaves BRIDGEPORT at 6 A. M. on MONDAYS and FRIDAYS for Coleville, Topaz and Holbrooks,

CONNECTING WITH STAGES FOR Genoa and Carson.

R. GELATT, Proprietor.

EASTWALKER RIVER TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

EAST WALKER RIVER WAGON ROAD are as follows:

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5

Empty teams, half-price.

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE WAGON ROAD are as follows:

No deadheads will be permitted to pass on the road.

All tolls will be required to be paid at the time of passing the toll gates, as no credit is given

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack Animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5

Empty teams half-price.

ANTELOPE TOLL ROAD.

RATES OF TOLL.

Horse and buggy	$ 75
Double team	1 00
Additional span	37½
Horseman	25
Loose stock	5

jy4 tf WILLIAM PRICE.

BRIDGEPORT STABLE.

Livery and Sale Stable.

MAIN AND SINCLAIR STREETS,

BRIDGEPORT.

HORSES fed HAY and GRAIN at ONE DOLLAR per day, per head.

Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed.

OTTO R. LARSEN, Manager.

ap16-tf

At 11 o'clock on Monday morning last a terrible explosion occurred in the filling room of the magazine at Mare Island, causing the death of twelve men of the cruiser Boston who were engaged in filling cartridges for that vessel.

Congressman E. T. Stackhouse, of South Carolina, died suddenly in Washington on Monday.

LEGAL.

CATTLE AND SHEEP LICENSES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT CATTLE and SHEEP LICENSES are due and payable at my office, in the Court House, Bridgeport, Mono County, California.

MAURICE P. HAYS, Special License Tax Collector.

Bridgeport May 13th, 1892. my14

HOTELS.

ALLEN HOUSE, BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

First-Class In Its Appointments.

Livery and Feed Stable connected with the Hotel.

The patronage of the Public respectfully solicited.

my30-tf LEWIS A. MURPHEY.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL,

Main street,

BODIE.....CAL.

N. W. BOYD.....Proprietor

THE ABOVE HOTEL WILL BE conducted as first-class in all its Departments.

The Table Cannot Be Excelled.

THE ROOMS ARE FIRST-CLASS.

Being Heated and Kept Scrupulously Clean.

Very Best Attention, as well as the Best Accomodations

HOT SPRINGS' HOTEL,

SAMUEL FALES.....Proprietor

JUNCTION OF THE ANTELOPE AND SONORA WAGON ROADS,

(65 miles from Sonora and 30 from Bodie)

MONO COUNTY, CAL.

This well-known and popular Summer Resort is pleasantly situated on the eastern slope of the Sierra Nevada Mountains amid wild and picturesque scenery, which offers superior inducements for tourists. The best of accommodations for families, the rooms being large and airy. For invalids the

STEAM, MUD AND SWIMMING BATHS

The best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.

Good Fishing in Walker River.

Commodious Stabling. my23-tf

BARNETT'S HOTEL,

COLEVILLE, MONO COUNTY, CAL.,

Antelope Wagon Road, 50 miles from Carson City and 51 from Bodie).

D. M. BARNETT.....Proprietor

The hotel is new, commodious and pleasantly situated.

The table is supplied with the best the market affords.

The BAR is supplied with the best of Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Stabling and Blacksmith shop connected with the house. 5-tf

PALACE SALOON.

(Brick Building)

MAIN STREET, BRIDGEPORT, CAL.

FINE WINES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, ETC.

n7-tf THOMAS FALES.

BRIDGEPORT SALOON.

CORNER OF COURT HOUSE BLOCK AND MAIN STREET,

BRIDGEPORT, MONO, COUNTY, CAL.

This SALOON has been refitted, and is stocked with the BEST of WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS;

And will be conducted first-class.

ja2-tf B. L. SIMMONS, Proprietor

PIONEER SALOON.

GURNEY BUILDING—MAIN STREET,

BRIDGEPORT.

Refitted and furnished with the BEST of everything required in a First-Class Saloon

ja2-tf F. M. RICHARDSON.

CAPITOL SALOON,

CORNER OF MAIN AND SINCLAIR STREETS

BRIDGEPORT.

FIRST-CLASS IN ITS APPOINTMENTS, AND THE BEST AT THE BAR.

RICHARD WHITFORD, Manager.

my21-tf

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

The wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. BE SURE THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE. Frazer

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

H. M. EDDY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW AND DISTRICT ATTORNEY,

BRIDGEPORT, MONO CO., CAL.

Will practice in all the Courts of the State of California.

Land, Mining, and Water Rights, a specialty.

OFFICE—Court House. jan16

CHARLES L. HAYES,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

FRANK P. WILLARD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BODIE, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

Water Rights, Land and Mining Litigation a specialty. 67-3m

W. O. PARKER, Bridgeport, Cal. P. W. BENNETT, Stockton, Cal.

BENNETT & PARKER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA. je18-tf

R. S. MINER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Bridgeport, Mono County, Cal.

Will practice in all the Courts of California and Nevada. Mining litigation will receive special attention. je18-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

P. G. HUGHES,

BLACKSMITH AND WAGON MAKER,

BRIDGEPORT, CAL.

HORSE AND OX SHOEING,

AND GENERAL JOBBING

R. A. LEALE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Sarsaparilla and Iron Sarsaparilla, Ginger Ale, Soda Water Etc.

BODIE, CAL.

W. A. R. LOOSE,

ASSAYER AND METALLURGIST.

BODIE, CALIFORNIA.

HOMER E OSBORN,

GENERAL BROKER IN

Merchandise, Fire, Life and Accident Insurance

510 California Street, SAN FRANCISCO.

EVERYBODY

READS THE

CHRONICLE-UNION—$3 PER YEAR.

THE LEADING PAPER

OF

MONO COUNTY.

ADVERTISE

IN THE

CHRONICLE-UNION.

A CLEAN FAMILY JOURNAL

CHRONICLE-UNION.

BRIDGEPORT, JUNE 16, 1892.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Personal.

P. W. Van Loan was over from Bodie the first of the week.

A. P. Sayres was up from Clinton the first of the week.

Miss Cornelia Richards, Superintendent of Schools, arrived home last Saturday by Gelatt's stage, having had a pleasant visit with relatives in San Louis Obispo county.

Mrs. W. P. Nay and children arrived from Carson on Gelatt's stage on last Saturday evening, and went on home to Mono Lake on Sunday.

Mrs. W. Reading and Miss Maud Reading, Revs. Bradley and Wilson, and Dr. Surphyne came over from Bodie on Wednesday evening.

Miss Alice Zink, P. L. Carroll and wife, and Henry W. Allen, of Bodie, were here on Tuesday.

Mrs. Minnie Hampton was down from the Hot Springs on Wednesday.

J. G. Pimental was in town on Wednesday.

Henry Smithhorst arrived from Antelope on Thursday morning with a load of strawberries.

W. Radley came up from Antelope on Wednesday.

Miss Etta Mack and Miss Ritchford, of Antelope, have been here this week attending the meeting of the Board of Education.

Mrs. W. O. Lundy and child, of Lundy, arrived on Gelatt's stage last Saturday evening, and went home on Sunday.

L. W. Dechambeau, of Lundy, arrived from Carson on Gelatt's stage Saturday last.

Chas. L. Hayes, of Bridgeport, will deliver the Fourth of July oration at Lundy.

Rev. Mr. Wilson will orate at Bodie on the Fourth.

Sam. Summers arrived from Bishop on Thursday.

J. Powell came in from Antelope on Thursday evening.

FOURTH OF JULY.

An adjourned meeting of citizens was held at the Court House on Saturday evening last, when the Finance Committee reported favorable progress, and the meeting adjourned till 8 o'clock Wednesday evening, the 15th, to enable the other committees to prepare their reports.

On Wednesday evening the Finance Committee reported that nearly enough had been subscribed to meet all requirements.

On motion of R. M. Folger an appropriation was made for the Band, firing salutes, rent of Hall, and for its decoration—the decorations having been kept from last year.

After paying the above appropriations, the balance of money collected was ordered paid to the Committee on Sports.

Sheriff Cody, L. A. Murphey and Sam Smith were appointed a Committee on Sports.

C. L. Hayes of the Committee on Literary Exercises and Officers of the Day, reported that W. Calkins had been selected for President of the Day, Judge H. M. Eddy for Orator, and Miss Nellie Hawks for Poetess.

The meeting adjourned until this Saturday, evening at 8 o'clock, when it is to be hoped there will be a large attendance, so that those having suggestions to make, can make them then and there, or ever after hold their peace—not piece, for we want everybody to give a "piece," if it is not a large one, for the celebration.

BIRTHDAY PARTY.—Mrs. Norm Huntoon had a party on Wednesday for little May's birthday. A large number of friends, both old and young, drove out to the Huntoon ranch, a pleasant drive of seven miles, and passed the afternoon very happily, with games, etc. Mrs. Huntoon had prepared one of her renowned dinners for the multitude, and it goes without saying that every one took good care that nothing was slighted during the knife and fork exercises.—All returned home before dark, well pleased with their visit to the Huntoon homestead.

A GOOD TIME.—The Bodieites visiting Bridgeport this week have been enjoying the baths at Buckeye Springs, and a trip to Twin Lakes, where there is much enjoyment in sailing and fishing. When the warm weather fairly sets in—if it ever does, the campers at these favorite lakes will be numerous.

ICE CREAM.—We wish to remind our young gallants, and the rest of mankind, and don't you forget it, that two beautiful and accomplished young ladies will have an ice cream booth in the anteroom of Bryant's Hall on the afternoon and evening of the Fourth.

HEAVY RAIN.—This section was favored with a heavy rain on Sunday night, and a portion of Monday, which gave the ground a fair soaking, and gladdening the hearts of the farmers and stock raisers, as the earth was greatly parched, and grass short.

UP SHE'LL GO.—When we receive news of the nomination of the Democratic candidate for President the CHRONICLE-UNION flag will be hoisted in compliment to our Democratic friends and patrons.

EQUALIZATION.—The Board of Supervisors will meet as a Board of Equalization on Tuesday, July 5th.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Virden, J.

Estate of Paulus Matley, deceased. First annual account of the Administrator approved, and the several claims against the estate ordered paid. The return of sales of personal property allowed and approved.

In the matter of guardianship of the person and Estate of Alice Zinck. Peter L. Carroll was appointed Guardian, with bond fixed at $1,000.

In the matter of the Estate of Alice May Schuman, deceased. Will admitted to probate. G. B. Day, one of the Executors named in the will, having filed his renunciation of the appointment, the Court appointed M. J. Cody, the other Executor named, sole Executor of the Estate, without bonds, such being the request of the deceased.

In the matter of the guardianship of the persons and Estates of Charles, Willie, Edward and Daniel Schuman, minor orphans, the Court appointed M. J. Cody and Patrick Reddy as their joint Guardians and fixed their bond at $3,000. The appointment was made at the earnest request of Mr. Reddy, who takes a deep interest in the welfare of these orphans.

Estate of Wm. Robson, deceased, additional appraisement filed, as per order of Court. Petition for sale of personal property filed by Administrator, and hearing fixed for June 20th at 10 o'clock A. M.—Additional order of Court made directing that the Administrator proceed to advertise and sell the real estate, as previously ordered by the Court, and in case said property cannot be sold at private sale under said order that he then sell the same at public auction, subject to confirmation and approval by the Court.

Estate of Jacob Weaver, deceased, additional appraisement filed, as per former order of Court, and the same proceedings, and orders as in the matter of the estate of Wm. Robson.

THE MURDERER.—Frank Nevada, the Mexican who murdered Leahey, was in the vicinity of Independence last week, as his riderless mare, known as the Jesse James mare, was caught. It was supposed he had either changed horses, or taken to foot, fearing his mare, which was well known in Inyo county, would lead to his capture.—Mr. Evans, owner of the Williams ranch, of which Leahey was foreman, has offered a reward of $200, and Governor Markham has also offered a reward of $200—making $400: for his arrest and conviction. Nevada is a Mexican, about 26 years of age; very dark complexion; 5 feet 9 inches in height; weighs 130 pounds. He is probably making his way to San Bernardino county, where his mother resides.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—The Board of Education met on Tuesday for the examination of teachers, but no would-be teachers applied for certificates, Miss Mabel Ritchford being the only one examined, for a graduating diploma. To-day the bids for text books will be opened. The Board has been considering the matter of a manual, which has been referred to the Bridgeport members, who will report at a special meeting to be called when the manual is completed. The Board will adjourn to-day.

WELL RECEIVED.—The news of the nomination of Harrison and Reid was received here on Saturday evening and gave general satisfaction. The CHRONICLE-UNION flag was at once sent to the masthead, and was thrown again to the breeze on Sunday in honor of the nominations. The nominations have been ratified in the heart of every Republican here without recourse to a final ratification meeting. Bridgeport is always "true blue" to Republicanism.

NEXT!—Next week our Democratic fellow citizens will have their share of conjecturing as to who is to get away with the bakery at Chicago, for it will be a pretty hot oven there after Monday next. There is nothing mean about us, and up goes our flag if a respectable man is nominated, but we won't disgrace it by hoisting it for David B. Hill.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. Mr. Wilson held services at the School House last evening, and was favored with a large attendance. He will hold services again this evening and to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock. The Reverend gentleman has awakened quite an interest in religious matters in Bodie, and is in hopes of doing so here.

SOCIAL DANCE.—A social dance was given at Bryant's Hall on Thursday evening to our Bodie visitors. The party broke up at about two o'clock.

BUYING HORSES.—E. Gelatt, the veteran stage man, has been in Antelope this week buying horses for a new stage line he is about starting at Lake Tahoe.

NOTARY.—The Governor has appointed J. F. Stewart, a Notary Public for Mono county, to reside at Topas.

ARMY AND NAVY SUPPLIES

The Government Buying Royal Baking Powder.

New York Tribune.

Large purchases of baking powder have recently been made by the United States Government. In one lot 80,000 lbs. were bought of the Royal Baking Powder Company.

During the last year, including the March contract just made the Royal Baking Powder Company has supplied over 212,000 pounds, or 106 tons, of baking powder for the United States Government and its Army and Navy officers.

For many years the Government has given its orders for Royal Baking Powder in preference to all others, it being found that this is the only Baking Powder that will keep and retain its strength in the various climates to which it is sent by the Department.

The Royal was found to be superior to all others in leavening power by the official chemical tests, made at the instance of the Government, in the Agricultural Department, at Washington.

HOW TO HAVE GOOD TEETH.

There is scarcely a subject of personal character so sadly neglected, and so little understood, by the people in general, as the care of the teeth.

1—Cleanse your teeth once, or often, every day. Always cleanse them before retiring at night. Always pick the teeth and rinse the mouth after eating.

2—Cleansing the teeth consist in thoroughly removing all foreign substances from around the teeth and gums.

3—To cleanse, use well made brushes, soft quills or wood tooth picks, antiacid styptic tooth wash, and precipitated chalk. If these means fail, apply to a reliable dentist.

4—Always roll the brush up and down lengthwise of the teeth, by which means you may avoid injuring the gums and necks of the teeth, and more thoroughly cleanse between them.

5—Never use a dentifrice containing acid, alkali, charcoal, soap, salt, or any gritty or powerful detersive substance.

6—Powders and pastes generally are objectionable. They injure the gums and soft parts of the teeth, and greatly assist in forming tartar.

A wash properly medicated and carefully prepared, is pleasant and more beneficial. It dissolves the injurious secretions and deposits, and the whole is readily removed with the brush and water.

7—Avoid eating hot food. Thoroughly masticate and insalivate the food before swallowing it. Frequent indulgence in sweet meats, etc., between meals disturbs the process of digestion, and a viscid secretion is deposited in the mouth (from the stomach) which is injurious to teeth.

8—Parents carefully attend to your children's second dentition.

Gently prevail on them, at an early age, to visit, at frequent intervals, a careful and skillful dentist. Remember that four of the permanent double teeth come in at about the age of six years; they are very liable to decay early, are very large and should never be allowed to require extracting.

Children do not "shed" as they did in former ages. Instead of being trained to masticate nutricious food, they are allowed to "gulp down" delicacies—hot cakes, hot beverages, etc.—with much fluid, thus, by depriving the teeth of their natural function, and over tasking the stomach, a morbid condition of the general system is produced, the "first teeth" are permanently decayed, and the permanent are not matured at the proper period of dentition. The consequences are terrible.

9—Never allow any one to extract a tooth or to dissuade you from having them filled, unless absolutely necessary. Many so-called dentists, actuated by incompetence or selfish motives, advise extracting, and sacrifice many teeth, which competent operators can render serviceable for many years.

10—Carelessness and procrastination are responsible for most teeth that are lost.

For the benefit of the public, by

DR. ALONZO HUDGENS.

Bodie

Cal.

DARING ROBBERY.—A daring robbery occurred on the Berkeley train at 11:34 on Saturday morning last, when two men entered a car and, presenting pistols, compelled John Gillson, Secretary of the Judson Nail works, to give up his sacks of coin, $1,000 in silver, and $14,000 in gold, with which he was to pay off the hands at the works. It was done so quickly that the men got off the train before it was really known what had happened. They had a buggy at hand and escaped. The buggy was found soon after tied to a fence in Oakland and the officers have some of their discarded clothing, and in time may secure the culprits, if they don't get the money. John Gillson is well known in Mono county, having been a merchant in Bodie in its boom days.

How They Voted.

At the Minneapolis Convention the California delegation voted as follows:

For Blaine—De Young, Kidder, Rhoades, Dennison, Robins, Hale, Knight and Jack.

For Harrison—Senator C. N. Felton, E. F. Spence, N. D. Rideout, D. T. Cole, E. V. Spencer, E. S. Pittsberry, E. F. Johnson and R. W. Button.

McKinley—J. S. Spear. The total vote of the Convention was

Harrison, 535; Blaine, 182; McKinley, 182 Reid, 1; Lincoln, 1.

The Chinese Sunday School in New York has been abandoned on account of the Chinese pupils marrying their teachers.

The Democratic National Convention will assemble at Chicago on Tuesday next.

Senator Stanford wants to erect a wine fountain at the World's Fair.

We are now having some fine weather—but how long will it continue?

ACROSS THE DEEP, TO THE FAR WEST,

On steamboats, cars and stage coaches, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is carried as the most important item in the materia medica of the traveling public. It deprives vitiated, brackish water of its hurtful properties and execrable flavor, counteracts the pernicious effects upon the stomach of bad or indigestible food, remedies cramps, heartburn and wind upon the stomach. It is a fine defense against malarial disorders, nullifies the effects of excessive heat, cold and damp, relieves sick-headaches, and is an incomparable cure for costiveness and biliousness.—The fatigue of travel often tells most disastrously upon invalids, and convalescents, occasionally to such an extent as to jeopardize life. Persons in feeble health, apprehensive of bad effects from travel, will, if provided with the Bitters, be far less likely to have their fears realized.

NEW TO-DAY.

DELINQUENT SCHOOL LANDS.

LIST OF DELINQUENT PURCHASERS OF SCHOOL LANDS IN MONO COUNTY, SHOWING THE AMOUNT DUE JANUARY 1, 1893.

NAME OF PURCHASER.	NO.	DATE OF APPROVAL.	NO. AND DATE OF CERTIFICATE OF PURCHASE.	M. D.	TOWNSHIP.	RANGE.	SECTION.	NO. OF ACRES.	DESCRIPTION.	AMOUNT OF PRINCIPAL PAID.	AMOUNT OF PRINCIPAL UNPAID.	AMOUNT OF INTEREST PAID.	AMOUNT OF INTEREST UNPAID and DUE January 1, 1893.
Jones, William H.	466	Jan. 21, 1887.	10,500 Feb. 4, 1887.	M. D.	2 N.	27 E.	17.	280.	S. E. ¼ of N. W. ¼ and E. ½ of W. ½ of N. W. ¼	$ 90.	$200.	$13 22.	$ 70 63.
Bailey, Jesse M.	472	Sept. 12, 1888.	11,251 Oct. 24, 1888.		2 N.	27 E.	29.	160.	W. ½ of S. W. ¼		$200.	$12 72.	$ 8 15.
Reed, Martha M.	512	Apr. 9, 1890.	11,760 June 2, 1890.		2 N.	27 E.	32.	160.	N. ½ of S. W. ¼ and S. E. ¼ of S. W. ¼	$160.			

THEO. REICHERT,
Register State Land Office.
By D. M. ANGIER, Deputy.

OFFICE OF THE DISTICT ATTORNEY,
MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE ABOVE named Delinquent Purchasers of School Lands in Mono county, State of California, that if the several amounts due from each of said Delinquents are not paid in Fifty Days after the date of this Notice, that in pursuance of Law I will commence suits to foreclose the interest of each of said purchasers or the assignees of the said purchasers of said Land, and to annul the Certificate of Purchase, the costs of suit and $10 Attorney's fees in each action.

Dated this 16th day of June, 1892.

H. M. EDDY,
District Attorney of Mono County.

jel1-4w

MINING NOTICES.

Notice of Assessment.

SUMMIT GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Location of principal place of business, San Francisco, California.

Location of Works, Bodie, Mono county, California.

NOTICE is hereby given, that at a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the Twentieth day of May, 1892, an assessment (No. 12) of Five Cents (.05) per share was levied upon the capital stock of the corporation, payable immediately in United States gold coin, to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, Room 62 Nevada Block, No. 309 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California.

Any stock upon which this assessment shall remain unpaid on the TWENTY-SEVENTH day of JUNE, 1892, will be delinquent, and advertised for sale at public auction; and unless payment is made before, will be sold on TUESDAY, the NINETEENTH day of JULY, 1892, to pay the delinquent assessment together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

M. E. WILLIS, Secretary.

OFFICE—Room 62, Nevada Block, No. 309 Montgomery street, San Francisco, California.

[may28-td]

MISCELLANEOUS.

A FRESH AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST OF GOODS AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

D. HAYS & BRO.

CHEAP CASH STORE AT THE POSTOFFICE BUILDING, BRIDGEPORT.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS REDUCED TO BEDROCK PRICES.

A. F. BRYANT.

JOE A. BROWN,

General Merchandise,

Main Street, Bridgeport.

Choice Family Groceries,

Fancy and Toilet Articles,

Candies and Nuts

Yankee Notions,

Powder, Shot, Caps and Cartridges,

Stationery, etc., etc.

TYPE METAL

For Sale at

This Office

THIS PAPER

IS [illegible] A [illegible]

THE

CHRONICLE-UNION

IS THE

PIONEER JOURNAL

OF THE EASTERN SLOPE OF T[illegible]

SIERRA NEVADA MOUNTAINS

IN [illegible]

CURED BY A TAX NOTICE.

Brought on Profuse Perspiration and Broke Up the Grip.

A very slender man with a pale, anxious face called on President Barker of the tax department the other day, says the New York Sun, and showed a notice he had received charging him with being possessed of five thousand dollars worth of personal property. "That's all wrong," said the slender man. "I couldn't pay that amount of money in a hundred years. Why, I'm only a clerk, and my salary is only twelve hundred dollars a year. I live in a plainly furnished flat, and the personal property I've got isn't worth five hundred dollars." "Well, you can swear it off," said Mr. Barker. "That's better than trying to pay," replied the slender man. He took the necessary oath and Mr. Barker turned again to his desk. The slender man walked slowly to the door, and then, returning, said, in a faltering way: "I guess I'd better tell you all and make a clean breast of the whole business." "That's right," said Mr. Barker, encouragingly, and he settled himself to listen. "I had been sick for over a month," said the slender man, with his eyes cast down, "and my doctor did not seem to be able to help me. I had the grip, a very hard fever, and a compression on the chest that made it difficult for me to breathe. The day before I received this notice the doctor shook his head, and said I was a very sick man. When the notice came it frightened me very much and worried my wife almost to death. I tossed about for several hours and soon began to perspire very violently. This kept up all night and in the morning I was very weak. But I felt better. I could breathe without trouble and my head was clear. The fever had passed away. When the doctor came he was very much surprised and asked me what I had been doing. I showed him the tax notice and he laughed. Since then I have been gaining strength every day." Mr. Barker shook hands cordially with the slim man and said that he had never suspected the therapeutic effect of a notice of personal taxes.

MYSTERIES OF NATURE.

tudy of One Often Leads to the Unraveling of Another.

In a world where it is very desirable to be entertained and not always easy to find entertainment, there is a great deal to be got out of a discreet consideration of the mysteries of life, says a writer in Scribner's. They give one something to theorize about in odd moments, and to have theories about them gives one an interest in whole series and classes of facts which seem to fit in with such theories or to upset them. If the facts won't fit the theory, then there is the theory to change, and to have one's theory driven into a new shape is the next best thing to having it justified.

There was a little tale in the newspaper the other day about Mr. Edison, that he held up his finger and bent it, and asked: "What does that?" Failing to get a satisfactory reply, he said he was trying to find out what is the force that pulls the strings that make animate creatures move. That is one of the great mysteries—the mystery of motion. It is that, we are told, that Mr. Keely, the motor man, has been brooding over for several decades past. Mr. Keely's experience has not been such as to encourage any poor man to theorize on this subject for a living; nevertheless, it is a great subject for a mind to dwell upon in its leisure moments. Newton was thinking about it when the apple fell and gave him an idea that was of value to him and has been useful ever since. There is always this advantage about having one's mind run on something in particular, that even if it does not bring down what it is aimed at it is more likely to hit something else that is worth while than if it was wandering aimlessly.

DEEP-SEA SPONGES.

Curious and Beautiful Forms Found in Ocean Depths.

"Some of the most beautiful things that live in the ocean are the sponges of the great depth, which have often very curious and interesting forms," said a naturalist to a reporter of the Washington Star. "Not least remarkable are the so-called 'sea-nests,' which are in the form of spheres or sometimes egg-shaped.

"The outer coat of one of these specimens is a complicated network over which a delicate membrane is spread. An ornamented frill adorns the upper part while the lower portion throws out a maze of flossy filaments like fine white hairs.

"These hairs penetrate the semi-fluid mud in every direction, thus holding the sponge in its place, while a continuous current of water is drawn by waving 'cilia' through all parts of the mass, passing out by a hole at the top. In this manner the animal absorbs whatever food may be afloat.

"Another singular sponge is the 'glass rope,' which sends down into the mud a coiled wisp of filaments as thick as a knitting needle. The latter opens out into a brush, fixing the creature in place after the manner of a screw pile.

"Still another remarkable sponge is found in the deep water off the Lofoden islands. It spreads out into a thin circular cake, surrounded by what looks like a fringe of white floss silk.

"Yet another curiosity is the 'supectella' sponge of the Philippines, which lives embedded to its lid in the mud and supported by a lovely frill."

No English Gooseberries Here.

What is called the English gooseberry in this country is not such, but a hybrid. The English gooseberry will not thrive in this part of America, for no sooner does the berry begin to form than a mildew appears upon it, and only by the constant application of lime and sulphur can the crop be brought to perfection. The climate is too hot for the English gooseberry, and even in the shade the berries often "scale" and fall off. That which is called the English gooseberry is a graft upon the native stock, having all the hardiness of the native wild berry and the delicious taste of the English.

DELINQUENT TAX LIST.

DELINQUENT TAX SALE
of Mono County, California,
For the Year 1891.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF MONO, } ss

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that default has been made in the payment of Taxes due to the State of California and the County of Mono, for the year of 1891 upon the Personal Property and Real Estate hereinafter described, and the same having become Delinquent on the 30th Day of November, A. D. 1891, and the 26th Day of April, A. D. 1892, I, M. J. CODY, Tax Collector of the County of Mono, State of California, by virtue of the power and authority vested in me by law, do upon Monday, the 25th Day of April, A. D. 1892 levy upon the following described Real Estate and Personal property, and, as such Tax-Collector, will on

TUESDAY, the 5th DAY of JULY, 1892,

at the hour of TEN o'clock A. M. of that day commence to sell the same at Public Auction, in front of the Court House door, in the Town of Bridgeport, County of Mono, State of California, and that he will continue the sale from day to day, according to the adjournments, until the whole property set forth hereinafter, or so much thereof as shall be necessary, shall be sold; and that he will sell the smallest quantity of each piece or parcel of said property that will be taken by any person for the amount in lawful money of the United States, of the Taxes and Costs remaining due and unpaid thereon, together with Fifty Cents provided by law for the Certificate of Sale, in each and every case, unless the Taxes Delinquent, together with the Cost and Percentages, are paid previous to the 5th Day of July, A. D. 1892, the Real Property upon which Taxes are so levied will be sold in the manner, place and time aforesaid, under the provisions of Section 3804 of the Political Code.

And further Notice is given that, in accordance with a Resolution of the Board of Supervisors, all property upon which there are no bids will be withdrawn from sale that the District Attorney may collect the same.

The amount due for each Assessment including the Cost and Percentages, is as follows, to wit: Against—

A.

No. 1—Ah Hing. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 26, in Block No. 21; $10. Improvements thereon, Washhouse, $20. Total value, $30. Tax, 75 cents. Bodie District School Tax, 9 cents. Total Tax, 84 cents. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 7 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 5 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax $1 47

No. 2—Ah Tuin. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 45, in Block No. 21, $10. Improvements thereon, House, $40. Total value, $50. Tax $1 25. Bodie District School Tax, 15 cents. Total Tax, $1 40. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 12 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 8 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax $2 10

No. 3—Atchinson, James. Sweetwater. Mev. Clinton All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: S. W. ¼ of N. W. ¼, and N. W. ¼ of S. W. ¼, Section 20, Township 7, N. R. 25 E. M. D. M. 80 acres, $100. Tax, $2 50. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent. 6 cents. Costs 50 cents. Total Tax $3 81

First Installment paid Nov. 30, 1891, $1 25.

B.

No. 4—C. Bagge. Bodie. Non-resident. A. Soderling, Agent. The "N" Placer Mining Claim, situated about one mile from Bodie, on Booker Flat, in Bodie Mining District, Mono County, California, and formerly relocated as the "Bobie" Placer Mining Claim, commencing at a Stake and Notice and running thence Westerly 924 feet to a Stake; thence Northerly 924 feet to a Stake; thence Easterly 924 feet to a Stake; thence Southerly 924 feet to a Stake and Notice of beginning. M. D. M. Number of acres 20, $50. Improvements thereon, a Cabin, $20. Total value, $70. Tax, $1 75. Bodie District School Tax, 21 cents. Total Tax, $1 96. 15 per cent on First Installment, 15 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 11 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax $2 72

No. 5—W. T. Barnes. South Antelope. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: S. ½ of S. E. ¼, S. E. ¼ of N. E. ¼, Section 28, Township 8, N. R. 23 E., M. D. M. N. E. ¼ of N. E. ¼, Section 33, Township 8, N. R. 23 E., M. D. M., containing 160 acres, $320. Improvements thereon, House and Fence, $150. Above property subject to Mortgage given by W. T. Barnes and wife to C. F. Rickey, dated October 14th, 1889, and recorded in Book "D," page 565, Records of Mono County, California; value, $300. Furniture, $20; Farming utensils. $10; 2 Wagons, $60; Harness, $10; 3 H. B. Horses, $120; 1 Colt, $10; 2 dozen Poultry, $12; 4 Beehives, $4; 1 Dog, $5. Total value, $421. Tax, $10 53. 15 per cent. on First Installment, $1 26. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 89 cents. Costs, $1 50. Total Tax $13 88

No. 6—H. C. Blanchard. Bodie. Improvements, House on Toll Road, $50. 7 miles of Toll Road leading from the Town of Bodie to State Line on Aurora Road, $500; Furniture, $20. Total value, $570. Tax, $14 25. Bodie District School Tax, $1 71. Total Tax, $15 96. 15 per cent. on First Installment, $1 26. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 87 cents.—Costs, $1. Total Tax $19 19

No. 7—R. T. Brown. Clinton. Lot in Town of Clinton on N. side of Main Street, bounded on the East by Gallgher's House, West by lot of Mrs. Summers, $10. Improvements thereon, a House, $15. Total value, $25. Tax, 63 cents. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 5 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 3 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax $1 21

C.

No. 8—Connell, J. H. South Antelope. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: S. E. ¼ of S. W. ¼; S. E. ¼ of N. W. ¼, Section 30, Township 8, N. R. 23 E. M. D. M. 80 acres, $260. S. E. ¼ of N. E. ¼; N. E. ¼ of S. E. ¼, Section 25 Township 8, N. R. 23 E. M. D. M. 80 acres, $100 Improvements thereon, House, Stable and fence, $200. Furniture, $25; Firearms, $20; Sewing Machine, $30; Farming Utensils, $15; 1 Wagon, $40; Harness $20; 1 Dog $10; 2 H. B. Horses, $50; 3 Com. Cows $60; 4 Stock Cattle, $32; 12 Com. Sheep, $18; 3 doz Poultry, $12; 6 Hogs, $18; 10 Beehives, $10. Total value, $889. Tax, $20. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 86 cents. Costs, $1 50. Total Tax $22 36

First Installment paid Nov 21, 1891, $15 75.

No. 9—Cochran, Mrs. E. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 23, in Block No. 24, $5. Improvements thereon, House, $20. Furniture, $15; Piano, $50. Total value, $90. Tax, $2 25 Bodie District School Tax, 27 cents. Total Tax, $2 52. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 83 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent. 14 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax $3 99

No. 10—Clark, Mrs. M. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 31, in Block No. 9, $10; Improvements thereon, House, $50. Total value, $60. Tax, $1 50. Bodie District School Tax, 12 cents. Total Tax. $1 62 15 per cent. on First Installment, 9 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 6 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax $1 77

D.

No. 11—Dietrick, Mrs. E. Non-resident. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 13 in Block No. 21, $5, Improvements thereon, House, $35, Total value, $40. Tax, 75 cents. Bodie District School Tax. 9 cents. Total Tax, 84 cents. 15 per cent on First Installment, 7 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 5 cents. Costs 50 cents. Total Tax $1 46

No 12—Deshambeau, L. W. Jr. Mono Lake. Lot in Lake Ostryon, on the W. side of the May Landy Wagon Road, $10. Improvements there on, Building known as the "Rino House," $40. Lot in Town of Dandy, on the E. side of Chicago Avenue, 200 feet W. of Sarilla Mill, $10. Improvements thereon, Dwelling, $60; Furniture, $25; Sewing Machine, $30; Saddle, $20; 2 H. B. Horses, $60; 1 doz Poultry, $6; 2 Mules, $120; 1 Dog, $5; Total value, $346; Tax, $8 65 15 per cent. on First Installment, $1 97. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 43 cents. Costs, $1 50. Total Tax $11 79

No. 13—Deleas, E. Mono Lake. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: W ½, of S W ¼ of S W ¼, Section 24, Township 3, N. R. 25 E. M. D. M. containing 20 acres. W. ½ of E. ½ of S. W ¼, of N. E. ¼, Section 11, Township 2, N. R. 26 E. M. D. M. containing 10 acres, $100. Improvements thereon, $75. 1 Wagon, $20; Harness, $5; 2 H. B. Horses, $40; 1 com. Cow, $20; 1 Stock Cattle, $8; 1 doz Poultry, $6; 1 Dog, $5. Total value, $279. Tax, $6 98. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 11 cents. Costs, $1 50. Total Tax $3 80

First installment paid Nov 30, 1891, $4 79.

No. 14—Frank Doten. Bridgeport. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: Situated N. E. from Cattle Peak, and adjoining land of J. G. Thompson on the E., containing 20 acres, $200. Improvements thereon, Cabin, $25. Total value $225. Tax, $5 62. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 42 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 20 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax $6 84

No. 15—Estate of Mrs. N. Dockerty, deceased. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie, Lot No. 7, in Block No. 18, $10. Improvements thereon, vacant Building, $65. Total value, $75. Tax, $1 88 Bodie District School Tax, 21 cents. Total Tax, $2 10. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 19 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 11 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax $2 90

F.

No. 16—Fitzgerald, E. Bodie, Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 41, in Block 21, $10. Improvements thereon, House, $50. Watch, $20; Furniture, $25; Sewing Machine, $30. Total value $135. Tax, $3 37. Bodie District School Tax, 41 cents. Total Tax, $3 78. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 46 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 21 cents. Costs, $1. Total Tax $5 45

No. 17—Foo Kel. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie, Lot No. 2, in Block No. 16, $10. Improvements thereon, Washhouse, $25. Total value, $35 Tax 87 cents. Bodie District School Tax, 11 cents. Total Tax, 98 cents. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 8 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 5 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax $1 61

No. 18—Fellsens, G. Mono Lake. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: N. W. ¼ of N W ¼, Section 19, Township 2, N. R. 26 E. M D. M. 40 acres, $50. N. E. ¼ of N. E. ¼, Section 24, Township 2, N. R. 25 E. M. D. M. 40 acres, $50. Improvements thereon, Cabin and Stable, $100. Furniture, $10; 1 Wagon, $25; 1 com. Cow, $20; 1 Stock Cattle, $8; 1 doz Poultry, $6; 1 Dog, $5. Total value, $274. Tax, $6 85, 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 12½ cents. Costs $1 50. Total Tax $4 12

First installment paid Nov 3, 1891, $4 35.

No. 19—Fay, Mrs. Mary. Antelope. All the right, title and interest in and to that certain Marble Claim situated in Copper Mining District, Mono County, California, and lying in the N. E. ¼, Section 28, Township 9, N. R. 23 E. M. D. M. $50. Tax, $1 25, 15 per cent. on First Installment, 9 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 7 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax $1 91

No. 20—Fay, Michael. Antelope. All the right, title and interest in and to that certain Marble Claim in Copper Mining District, Mono County, California, and known as the "North Star," in the N. E. ¼, Section 28, Township 9, N. R. 23 E. M. D. M. $50. Tax, $1 25. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 9 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 7 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax $1 91

No. 21—Forbes, P. W. J. Bulpit, A. Smith, and J. M. Rogers. Inyo County. Benton. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: S. W ¼ of S. W. ¼, Section 28, Township 4, S. R. 30 E. M. D. M. 40 acres. S. E. ¼ of S. E. ¼, Section 29, Township 4, S. R. 30 E. M. D. M. 40 acres, $100. Improvements thereon, Small Saw Mill, $250. Also, S. W. ¼ of N. E. ¼; N. W. ¼ of S. E. ¼, Section 28, Township 4, S. R. 30 E. M. D. M. 80 acres, $200. Total value, $550. Tax, $13 75. 15 per cent. on First Installment, $1 03. 5 per cent, on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 74 cents. Costs, $1 50. Total Tax $17 02

G.

No. 22—Goelhoed, Peter. Benton. All the right, title and interest in and to that certain Homestead Claim described as follows, to wit: W. ½ of S. W. ¼, and W. ½ of N. W. ¼. Section 4, Township 2, S, R. 31 E. M. D, M, 160 acres, $320. Improvements thereon, House, Stable and fence, $125. Lot in Town of Benton on S. side of Main Street, and next E. of J. F. Millner's Store, $20. Improvements thereon, House, $70. Lot in Town of Benton on S. side of Main Street, $10. Improvements thereon, House, Stable and Corral, $75. Furniture, $25; Sewing Machine, $15; Machinery, $100; 1 Wagon, $75; Harness, $20; 4 H. B. Horses, $125, 1 Com. Cow, $20; 4 Stock Cattle, $32; 8 dos. Poultry, $18; 1 Dog $5, Total value, $1,055. Tax, $26 38. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 99 cents. Costs, $2. Total Tax $30 14

First installment paid Nov 28, 1891, $15 63.

H.

No. 23—Hogan, Patrick. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie, Lot No. 8, in Block No. 27, $10. Improvements thereon, 2 Buildings, $100. Total value, $110. Tax, $2 75. Bodie District School Tax, 33 cents. Total Tax, $3 08. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 26 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 17 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax $4 01

No. 24—Holmdrup, Mrs. M. R. Bodie. M. R. Holmdrup, Agent. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 9, in Block No. 28, $10. Improvements thereon, House, $20. Building on land situated opposite Bodie Tunnel Quartz Mill, $30. Furniture, $25; Sewing Machine, $10; 1 Wagon, $50, Harness, $10; 1 H. B. Horse, $25; 3 Com. Cows, $60. Total value, $240. Tax, $6 00. Bodie District School Tax, 42 cents. Total Tax, $6 72. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 4 cents. Costs, $1. Total Tax $1 79

First installment paid Nov 30, 1891, $5 57.

No. 25—Hudson, W. R. Non-resident Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 15, in Block No. 12, $25. Improvements thereon, Donnelly & Jolit'r Meat Market, $175. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 24, in Block No. 21, $30. Improvements thereon, House and Stable, $130. Total value, $355. Tax, $8 75. Bodie District School Tax, $1 05. Total Tax $9 80. 15 per cent on First Installment, 88 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 58 cents. Costs, $1 cents. Total Tax $12 11

No. 26—Harrison, C. F. Non-resident. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 4, in Block No. 9, $10. Improvements thereon, vacant Building, $50. Furniture, $25. Total value, $85. Tax, $2 12. Bodie District School Tax, 25 cents. To-

tal Tax, $2 38. 15 per cent. on First Installment 25 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 13 cents. Costs, $1. Total Tax $3 76

No. 27—Hong Hing. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot Nos. 4 and 5, in Block No. 28, $25. Improvements thereon, 2 Houses, $50. China Goods, $175. Total value, $275. Tax, $6 88. Bodie District School Tax, 75 cents. Total Tax, $7 63. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 95 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 45 cents. Costs, $1. Total Tax $10 03

No. 28—Hector, A. F. Mono Lake. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: E. ½ of N. E. ¼, Section 33, Township 3, N. R. 26 E. M. D. M. 80 acres, $160. Squatter's right to Land known as Hector's Station, 160 acres, $25. Improvements thereon, House and Stable, $100. 1 Wagon, $20; 1 H. B. Horse, $20; 1 Colt, $10; 1 Dog, $5. Total value, $280. Tax, $7 00. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 14 cents. Costs, $1 50. Total Tax $4 45

First instalment paid Nov 21, 1891, $4 19.

No. 29—Hector, C. F. Mono Lake. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: Homestead Claim, being N. W. ¼ of S. W. ¼, Section 21, Township 1, N. R. 26 E. M. D. M. N. ½ of S. E. ¼, S. W. ¼ of S. E. ¼, Section 20, Township 1, N. R. 26 E. M. D. M. 160 acres, $160. Improvements thereon, Cabin and Corral, $50. Watch, $10; Firearms, $10; Farming Utensils, $10; 1 Wagon, $25; Harness, $8; 4 H. B. Horses, $100; 2 Colts $20; 12 Stock Cattle, $96, Total value, $489. Tax, $12 23. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 13 cents. Costs, $1 50, Total Tax $4 25

First installment paid Nov 21, 1891, $9 60.

No. 30—Howk, A. J. Non-resident. Lundy. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: S. ½ of S. E. ¼, Section 16, Township 2, N. R. 25 E. M. D. M. 80 acres, $100. Tax, $2 50. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 19 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 13 cents. Costs 50 cents. Total Tax. $3 82

No. 32—Hendra, Marshall. Bodie. Interest in the following described property, to wit: Lot in Town of Bodie, Lot No. 5, in Block No. 12. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 12, in Block No. 23. Also, Printing Press and Material assessed to O. E. Jones, created by Mortgage given by O. E. Jones to H. Z. Osborne, and by him assigned to Marshall Hendra, Book "D," at page 512, dated June 24th 1886, and recorded in Book "D" at page 268, Mono County Records. Original value of Mortgage, $1,500. Assessed at $780. Tax $20 31. Bodie District School Tax, $2 34. Total Tax, $21 84. 15 per cent. on First Installment, $1 61. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, $1 13. Costs. $1. Total Tax. $24 78

J.

No. 34—Joe Chin Too. Benton. Lot in Town of Benton, situated next W. of Ah Nin's lot, $10. Improvements thereon, House, $30. Total value, $40. Tax, $1 00. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 7 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 5 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax. $1 62

K.

No. 35—Keelso, John. Non-resident. A. Soderling, Agent. Bodie. The "Oelin" Placer Mining Claim situated on Booker Flat, in Bodie Mining District, Mono County, California, and formerly relocated as the "Christian" Claim, and about one mile S. of the Town of Bodie, commencing at a Stake and Notice, and running Westerly 924 feet to a Stake; thence Northerly 924 feet to a Stake; thence Easterly 924 feet to a Stake; thence Southerly 924 feet to a Stake and Notice, place of beginning, 20 acres, $50. Improvements thereon, Cabin, $30. Total value $80. Tax, $2 00. Bodie District School Tax, 24 cents. Total Tax, $2 24. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 19 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 12 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax. $3 05

No. 36—Keinborts, Mrs. Ellen. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 9, in Block No. 20, $10. Improvements thereon, Dwelling House, $40. Lot in Town of Bodie Lot No. 32. in Block No. 20, $10. Improvements thereon, House, $15. Furniture, $15; Wagon, $30; Harness, $20; 2 H. B. Horses, $80; Dog, $5. Total value, $225. Tax, $6 31. Bodie District School Tax, 68 cents. Total Tax, $6 31. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 81 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 36 cents. Costs, $1 50. Total Tax. — $8 98

No. 37—Kelly, C. H. Non-resident, H. Bellhorn, Agent. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie.—Lot No. 9, in Block No. 22, $60. Improvements thereon, Furniture store $300. Undertaker's Fixtures, $300; Hearse Wagon $200. Total value, $860 Tax, $24 08. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 22 cents. Costs, $1. Total Tax. $5 72

First installment paid Nov 30, 1891, $19 60.

No. 38—Kennedy, Mrs. Jane. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 68, in Block No. 8, $10. Improvements thereon, Dwelling House, $30. Furniture, $15; Piano, $75. Total value, $130. Tax. $3 64. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 2½ cents. Cost, $1. Total Tax, $1 52

First installment paid Nov 30, $3 14.

No. 39—Kelly, Richard. Bodie. Dwelling House situated about 150 feet or less N. from the Bodie and Benton Rail Road Office, in the Town of Bodie, $40. Watch, $15; Furniture, $25. Total value, $85. Tax, $2 12. Bodie District School Tax, 26 cents. Tax, $2 38. 15 per cent. on First Installment. 28 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 13 cents. Costs $1. Total Tax. $3 79

No. 40—Kinny. George C. Non resident. Clinton. Lot in Town of Clinton, on S. side of Main Street, E. of J. H. Sheehan's Stable, $10. Improvements thereon, House, $40. Total value, $50. Tax, $1 25. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 9 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 7 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax, — $1 91

No. 41—Keenau, H, S. Mono Lake. Improvements on Homestead Claim. being the N. ½ of N. E. ¼ of N. W. ¼, and N. E. ¼ of S. W. ¼, Section 26, Township 1, N. R. 25 E. M. D. M. $50. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 11, in Block No. 6, $10. Improvements thereon, House, $20. Watch $20; Furniture, $20; Sewing Machine, $25; Wagon, $75; 3 H. B Horses, $110; 1 Colt, $10. Total value, $340. Tax, $8 50. Bodie District School Tax, 9 cents. Total Tax, $8 59. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 5 cents. Costs $1 50. Total Tax. $2 55.

First installment paid Nov 23. 1891, $7 59.

L.

No. 42.—Lockwood. J. Z. Bodie. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: Pre-emption Claim to S. W ¼, Section 25, Township 5, N. R. 27 E, 160 acres, $100. Improvements thereon, House and Tailing Mill, $150. Lot in Town of Bodie Lot No. 8, in Block No. 15, $10. Improvements thereon, Dwelling House, $30. Furniture, $15; 2 wagons, $140. Total value, $445. Tax, $12 45. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 18 cents. Costs, $1 50. Total Tax. $5 30

First installment paid Nov 30, 1891, $8 84

No. 43—Leavitt, H. L. Bridgeport. All the right, title and interest to lot in Bridgeport on S side of Main Street, next W. of J. E. Goodall's lot, $400. Improvements thereon. Leavitt House and Stable, $1,400. Furniture, $100; Organ, $50; Sewing Machine, $25; 2 Wagons, $40; Harness, $10; 1 H. B, Horse, $40; 4 Com. Cows, $80; 2 stock Cattle, $16; 2 dos Poultry, $12; 6 hogs, $18. Total value, $2,241. Tax, $56 03. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, $1 12 Costs, $1. Total Tax. $24 62

First installment paid Nov 30, 1891, $28 54.

DELINQUENT TAX LIST.

M.

No. 44—Marysville, A. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 26, in Block No. 8, $10. Improvements thereon, House, $40. Furniture, $40; Wagon, $50; Harness, $10; 2 H. B. Horses, $60; 1 Cow, $25; 1 Dog, $5. Total value, $235. Tax, $5 87. Bodie District School Tax, 71 cents. Total Tax, $6 58. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 87 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 37 cents. Costs, $1. Total Tax. $8 82

No. 45—Man Lee. Non-resident. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 47, in Block No. 21, $10. Improvements thereon, House, $30. Total value, $40. Tax, $1 00. Bodie District School Tax, 12 cents. Total Tax, $1 12. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 2 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 6 cents. Costs, 50 cents, Total Tax. $1 77

No. 46—Miller, Orrin. Mono Lake. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: S. ½ of N. W. ¼, S. ½ of N. E. ¼, N. W. ¼ of S. E. ¼, Section 28, Township 2, N. R. 26 E. M. D. M. 132 acres, $165. The above property subject to Mortgage given by Orrin Miller to P. Regan, dated December 17, 1888, and Recorded in Book "D," page 528, Records of Mono County, California; value of Mortgage, $150. Lot in Town of Lundy on W. side of Main Street, next E. what is known as the Hubbard Hotel, $10. Improvements, $15. Total value, $40. Tax, $1. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 7 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquet, 5 cents. Costs, $1 50. Total Tax, $2 62

Mc.

No. 47—McDonald, D. J. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 5, in Block No. 15. $10. Improvements thereon, Dwelling House, $40. Furniture, $15; Total value, $65. Tax, $1 62. Bodie District School Tax, 20 cents. Total Tax, $1 82. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 18 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 10 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax. $2 60

N.

No. 48—Neal, Frank. Non-resident. Bodie. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 42, in Block No. 26, $10. Improvements thereon, House, $40. Total, $50. Tax, $1 25. Bodie District School Tax, 15 cents. Total Tax, $1 40. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 12 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 8 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax. $2 10

P.

No. 49—Perry, Edmon. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 4, in Block No 28, $10. Improvements thereon, House, $65. Total value, $75. Tax $1 87, Bodie District School Tax, 23 cents. Total Tax, $2 10. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 19 cents 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 12 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax. $3 10

No 50—Potter, Wm. E. Non resident. Lundy. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: S. E. ¼ of N. W. ¼, Section 17, Township 3, N. R. 27 E. M. D. M. 40 acres, $50. W ½ of S. E. ¼, E. ½ of N. W. ¼, Section 28, Township 3, N. R. 27 E. M. D. M. 160 acres, $200. Improvements thereon, Cabin, $20. Total value, $270. Tax, $6 75. 15 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 51 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 36 cents. Costs, $1. Total Tax. $8 62

No. 51—Parsons, N. M. R. G. Montrose. Agent. Lundy. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit,. S. ½ of N. E. ¼, Section 16. Township 2, N. R. 25 E. M. D. M. 80 acres, $100. Improvements thereon, an Arastra. $50, Total value, $150. Tax, $3 75 15 per cent. on First Installment, 28 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 20 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax. $4 73

R.

No. 52—Rand, Harriet M. Benton. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: S. E. ¼, Section 36 Township No. 2, S. R. 29 E M. D. M. $160 acres, $200. Tax, $5. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 37½ cents. 5 per cent, on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 14 cents. Costs, 50 cents, Total Tax — $8 51

S.

No. 54—Soderling, A. Bodie. The "Maggie" Placer Mining Claim, situated about one mile from the Town of Bodie, on Booker Flat, in Bodie Mining District, Mono County, California, and described as follows, to wit: Commencing at a Stake and Monument, and running Westerly 924 feet to a Stake; thence Northerly 924 feet to a Stake; thence Easterly 924 feet to a Stake, thence Southerly 924 feet to a Stake and Monument, the place of beginning, and adjoining the "Oden" Placer Mining Claim on the North, 20 acres, $50. Improvements thereon, Cabin, $20. Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 7, in Block No. 22 $25. Improvements thereon, Assay Office, $100. Watch, $10; Library, $10; Fixtures of Office, $100; Machinery, $50; Total value, $305. Tax, $9 12. Bodie District School Tax, $1 10. Total Tax. $10 22. 15 per cent. on First Installment. $1 17. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 57 cents. Costs, $1 50. Total Tax. $13 46

No. 55—Sam Nam Bodie Lot in Town of Bodie. Lot No. 47, in Block No 21. $10. Improvements thereon, House, $25. Total value, $35. Tax, 87 cents. Bodie District School Tax, 11 cents. Total Tax, 98 cents. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 8 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 5 cents. Costs, 50 cents. Total Tax. $1 61

No. 56—Skews, Mrs. J. B. Mono Lake. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: S. ½ of N. W. ¼ N, ½ of S. W. ¼, Section 12, Township 2, N. R. 25 E. M. D. M, 160 acres, $200. Mill Site situated ½ mile N. W. from Callahan's Station, and 1½ mile from J. H. Sturgeon's land, $25. Improvements thereon, Copper Smelting Works, and out buildings, $275. Furniture, $25; Organ, $20; Sewing Machine, $10; 1 Wagon, $75; Harness, $10. 1 H B. Horse, $30; 1 doz Poultry, $6; 1 Dog, $5, Total value, $681. Tax, $17 03. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 31 cents. Costs, $1 50. Total Tax. $8 06

First installment paid Nov 30, 1891, $10 79

No. 57—Staley, J. F. Non-resident. S. Antelope. All the right, title. and interest in and to the following described land, to wit: N. E. ¼, Section 30, Township 7, N. R. 23 E. M. D. M. 160 acres, $200. Tax, $5. 15 per cent. on First Installment, 37 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 27 cents. Costs, 50 cents, Total Tax. $6 14

No. 58—Sherwin, J. L. C. Benton. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: Timber Culture, N. W. ¼, Section 32, Township 5, S. R. 31 E. M. D. M. 160 acres, $100. Improvements thereon, House and Stable, $250. Furniture. $25; Farming Utensils, $70; 2 Wagons, $80; Harness, $30; 6 H. B. Horses, $240; 3 Cows, $60; 8 Stock Cattle, $64; 3 dos Poultry, $18; 5 Beehives, $7. Total value, $944. Tax, $23 60. 15 per cent. on First Installment, $2 88. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, $1 32. Costs, $1. Total Tax, — $28 80

No. 60—Sherwin, W. T. Benton. All the right, title and interest in and to the following described property, to wit: S. E. ¼, Section 14, Township 5, S. R. 30 E. 160 acres, $320. Improvements thereon, Cabin, $50. Total value, $370. Tax, $9 25, 15 per cent, on First Installment, 70 cents. 5 per cent. on total amount of Tax Delinquent, 50 cents. Costs,